

Quarterly Network Safety Performance Report

Reporting Period: April - June 2018 (FY17/18 Q4)

		Objectives	Inc	cidents
Network Objectives		2017/18	Quarter	Year-to-Date
30(1)(a)	Total Electric Shock	8	0	2
	Person – No Injury	8	0	2
	Person – Injury	0	0	0
	Person – Death	0	0	0
	Livestock – Death	0	0	0
30(1)(b)	Total Property Damage (Not Fire)	0	0	0
30(1)(c)	Total Property Damage (Fire)	0	0	1

		Objectives	Inc	cidents
Distribution Network Objectives		2017/18	Quarter	Year-to-Date
30(1)(d)	Total Network Pole Fire	9	3	5
30(1)(e)	Total Conductor Clashing	6	0	3
30(1)(f)	Total Unassisted Pole Failure	9	1	5
	Wood	4	0	3
	Steel	5	7	2
	Concrete	0	0	0
	Fibreglass	0	0	0
	Other	0	0	0
30(1)(g)	Total Unassisted Conductor Failure	7	0	6
30(1)(h)	Total Unassisted Stay Failure	2	1	9
30(1)(i)	Total Unassisted Cable Failure	4	0	12

		Objectives	Pole Failure Rate
Distribution Network Objectives		2017/18	3 year rolling average*
31(3)	Total Unassisted Pole Failure Rate	1.6	0.809
	Wood x 10,000 p.a.	2.2	1.162
	Steel x 10,000 p.a.	1.3	0.679

* The unassisted pole failure rate is expressed as a three year rolling average per 10,000 poles



Network Safety Performance Incident Definitions

These definitions are based on the Electricity (Network Safety) Regulations 2015

30(1)(a)	Electric Shock	A discharge of electricity from the network that causes the electric shock, injury or death of a person or the death of livestock (excluding pets).
30(1)(b)	Property Damage (Not Fire)	An incident caused by the network, other than a fire, that causes damage to property other than to the network. Includes supply, impact and arcing damage. Value of damage must exceed \$5,000.
30(1)(c)	Property Damage (Fire)	A fire caused by the network that causes damage to property other than to the network. Includes smoke and heat damage. Value of damage must exceed \$5,000.
30(1)(d)	Pole Fire	A fire, on a wood pole that is a part of the network, that originated on the pole. Includes burnt cross arms.
30(1)(e)	Conductor Clashing	The contacting of 2 or more conductors of the network, of different phases, caused by temperature variations or wind. Includes clashing due to pole lean and phase to earth clashing. Excludes assisted failures [see 28(c)].
30(1)(f)	Unassisted Pole Failure	An unassisted failure of a pole that is a part of the network. Includes suspended failures and foundation failure [i.e. excessive pole lean].
30(1)(g)	Unassisted Conductor Failure	An unassisted failure of an overhead conductor that is a part of the network. Includes: service wires, joints. Excludes: terminations, taps, conductor accessory & line hardware failures [e.g. ties, clamps].
30(1)(h)	Unassisted Stay Failure	An unassisted failure of a stay wire that is a part of the network. Includes slack stays and failure of anchors and attachment points that compromise line design integrity in a way that impacts public safety.
30(1)(i)	Unassisted Cable Failure	An unassisted failure of an underground cable that is a part of the network. Includes: joints. Excludes: terminations, lugs & cable accessories [e.g. clamps].
31(3)	Unassisted Pole Failure Rate	The failure rate per 10,000 poles per annum based on the 30(1)(f) and pole volumes.